Safety data sheet

According to Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

THINNER for EPOXY SYSTEMS

Printing: 17/05/2021 Date of compilation: 1/12/2012 Revised: 27/01/2020 Version: 5 (Replaced 4)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier: THINNER for EPOXY SYSTEMS

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

1.2 Recommended uses and any restrictions on use or supply:

Relevant uses: Car repair; dilutants. For professional user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Supplier's details:

Troton Sp. z o.o. Ząbrowo 14A

78-120 Gościno - Zachodniopomorskie - Polska Phone.: +48 94 35 123 94 - Fax: +48 94 35 126 22

troton@troton.com.pl

www.troton.pl / www.troton.eu

Distributor:

Wyatt Machine Tools (Rupes) NZ Limited 388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland Ph (09) 525 1000; Fax (09) 525 1009

1.4 Emergency phone number: (8am-4pm)+48 094 35 123 94; 112 NZ Emergency 0800 992 881

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

HSNO Act:

This product was classified in accordance with HSNO Act

- 3.1C: Flammable liquids: medium hazard, H226
- 6.1D: Substances that are acutely toxic, H312+H332
- 6.1E: Substances that are acutely toxic (Respiratory tract irritant), H335
- 6.1E: Substances that are acutely toxic, H303
- 6.3A: Substances that are irritating to the skin, H315
- 6.9B: Substances that are harmful to human target organs or systems, H373
- 8.3A: Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue, H318

2.2 Label elements, including precautionary statements:

HSNO Act:

Danger









Hazard statements:

- 3.1C: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- 6.1D: H312+H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
- 6.1E: H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- 6.1E: H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
- 6.3A: H315 Causes skin irritation.
- 6.9B: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
- 8.3A: H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:



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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Xylene (75 - <100 %); butan-1-ol (10 - <25 %)

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of chemical products

Components:

In accordance with Part B: Concentration cut-offs for ingredients in mixtures for purpose of section 3 of Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, the product contains:

	Identification Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS:		Xylene 3.1C: H226; 6.1D: H312+H332; 6.1E: H304; 6.1E: H303; 6.1E: H335; 6.3A: H315; 6.4A: H319; 6.9B: H373 - Danger	75 - <100 %
CAS:	71-36-3	butan-1-ol 3.1C: H226; 6.1D: H302; 6.1E: H313; 6.1E: H335; 6.3A: H315; 6.9B: H336; 8.3A: H318 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS:	108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 3.1C: H226 - Warning	2,5 - <5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 First aid instructions according to each relevant route of exposure;:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

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SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of medical attention and its urgency:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Information on the appropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

Appropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2).

Inappropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Advice on specific hazards that may arise from the substance:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions from accidental spills and release;:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Advice on how to contain and clean up a spill or release:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 15 °C

Maximum Temp.: 25 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Occupational exposure limits:

Substances whose workplace exposure standards (WES) have to be monitored in the work environment:

The Workplace Exposure Standards (WES), eleventh edition:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		nits
Xylene	TWA	50 ppm	217 mg/m ³
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL		
butan-1-ol	TWA	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³
CAS: 71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³

8.2 Engineering controls:

A.- Identification of the specific types of personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	* * * * * * * * * *	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:

Appearance:

Colour:

Colourless

Odour:

Characteristic

Odour threshold:

Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 133 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 786 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 4500.57 Pa (4.5 kPa)
*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C:

Relative density at 20 °C:

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:

Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:

0.9 kg/m³

0.86

0.84 cP

0.98 cSt

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:

Concentration:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Solubility in water at 20 °C:

Solubility properties:

Decomposition temperature:

Melting point/freezing point:

Explosive properties:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point: 27 °C

Heat of combustion: Non-applicable * Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable *

Autoignition temperature: 315 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

Explosive:

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Chemical reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 List of conditions to avoid or prevent a hazardous situation:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction Contact with air		Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity	
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	

10.5 Information on incompatible substances or materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

Avoid strong acids Not applicable Avoid direct impact Not applicable Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Information on hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

 IARC: Xylene (3)
 - Mutagénicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable



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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acu	Genus	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
butan-1-ol	LD50 oral	2292 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 71-36-3	LD50 dermal	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	24.66 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial):

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
butan-1-ol	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 71-36-3	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradab	ility
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
butan-1-ol	BOD5	1.71 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 71-36-3	COD	2.46 g O2/g	Period	19 days
	BOD5/COD	0.7	% Biodegradable	98 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %

12.3 Potential to be bioaccumulative:

Identification		Bioaccumulation potential		
Xylene		BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7		Pow Log	2.77	
		Potential	Low	
butan-1-ol		BCF	1	
CAS: 71-36-3		Pow Log	0.88	
		Potential	Low	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		BCF	1	
CAS: 108-65-6		Pow Log	0.43	
		Potential	Low	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes



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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
butan-1-ol	Koc	2.44	Henry	5.39E-2 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 71-36-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Appropriate and achievable disposal methods:

Special precautions to be taken during disposal:

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

Imports and Exports (Restrictions) Prohibition Order (No 2) 2004

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to NZS 5433.1:2012 Transport of dangerous goods on land



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class

and subsidiary risk:
Labels: 3

14.4 UN Packing Group: III14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class

and subsidiary risk: Labels: 3

14.4 UN Packing Group: III **14.5 Marine pollutant:** No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367

EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Non-applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2021:



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk:
Labels: 3

14.4 UN Packing Group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No

73/78 and the IBC Code:

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7 Transport in bulk according** Non-applicable

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Relevant regulatory requirements:

Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017

Other information:

HSNO Classifications: 3.1C,6.1D,6.1E, 6.3A,6.9B,8.3A.

HSNO Group Standard: Surface Coatings and Colourants HSR002662

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Schedule 1: Content and format of safety data sheets of Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:



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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

H312+H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H303: May be harmful if swallowed.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

HSNO Act:

3.1C: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

6.1D: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

6.1D: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

6.1E: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

6.1E: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.

6.1E: H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.

6.1E: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

6.3A: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

6.4A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

6.9B: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

6.9B: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

8.3A: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Abbreviations and acronyms:

HSNO Act: Hazardous substances and new organisms Act

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.